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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/885,842	06/20/2001	Rosario Ciancimino	US20000147	5011
173	7590 07/31/2003			
WHIRLPOOL PATENTS COMPANY - MD 0750			EXAMINER	
500 RENAISS ST. JOSEPH,	SANCE DRIVE - SUIT MI 49085	E 102	PERRIN, JOSEPH L	
			. ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		1746	8
			DATE MAILED: 07/31/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/885,842	CIANCIMINO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Joseph L. Perrin, Ph.D.	1746			
The MAILING DATE of this comm Period for Reply	nunication appears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address			
If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximur Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply.	JNICATION. ions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a communication. by (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thin a statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI eply will, by statute, cause the application to become Alchs after the mailing date of this communication, even if	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 <i>Jun</i>e 2003</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.	2b) ☐ This action is non-final.				
	tion for allowance except for formal ma ractice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in t	ne application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is	s/are withdrawn from consideration.	·			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to					
	triction and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers	·				
9) The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/a	re: a) accepted or b) objected to by t	the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any	objection to the drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction f	îled on is: a)∏ approved b)∏ d	disapproved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are	required in reply to this Office action.	•			
12) The oath or declaration is objected	I to by the Examiner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a cla	im for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None o	f:				
1.☐ Certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been received.	·			
2. Certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been received in A	Application No			
application from the Inte	es of the prionty documents have been ernational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). ction for a list of the certified copies not	·			
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a clair	·	•			
	language provisional application has b	een received.			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)	(PTO-948) . 5) ☐ Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 8			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was

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not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 4,765,161 to Williamson.

Re claims 1-6, Williamson discloses a method of washing fabric goods in an automatic (vertical or horizontal) washing machine including the steps of charging (loading) the washing machine drum 10 with fabric goods (for instance, col. 1, line 14 et seq.), rotating the drum about an axis (wash cycle) (for instance, col. 1, line 17 et seq.), accelerating the rotation of the vessel to desired speeds (for instance, col. 1, line 29 et seq.), and determining an amount of energy (i.e. motor current which "varies as a function of torque... resulting from load unbalance") comparing the energy to a predetermined value and sending an "unbalance control" signal (for instance, col. 2, line 20 et seq.).

Re claim 7, Williamson further discloses the step of determining an amount of energy to include isolating a frequency of the current as claimed (for instance, col. 4, line 11 *et seq.*).

Re claims 9-15 & 20, Williamson discloses an automatic washing machine (vertical or horizontal) having a rotatable vessel (drum 10), and an "out-of-balance control" control 20 capable of determining motor current and indicating an "'unbalance control' signal when the load unbalance exceeds a preset limit." (for instance, col. 1, line 14 et seq. & col. 4, line 11 et seq.).

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Re claims 16-17, Williamson discloses the claimed controlled induction motor with inverter, current measuring device, and digital filter (for instance, col. 5, line 3 et seq.).

Re claims 18-19, Williamson discloses the "out-of-balance control" signal as an electrical signal which "reduces the drum rotation" (*i.e.* visible signal to a user) (for instance, col. 7, line 10 *et seq.*).

Although Williamson does not expressly disclose causing the vessel to engage a relatively stationary component/part/housing, Williamson teaches that it is known to use mechanical means "to detect displacement of the drum to sense displacement of the basket due to an unbalanced load" and utilizing a control (which must inherently determine "an amount of energy") to stop the rotational motor or slow it down to "reduce the drum speed to permit the load to redistribute itself and then automatically reaccelerate the drum" (see, for instance, col. 1, lines 55-66).

Therefore, the position is taken that a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to use the known mechanical means to detect load imbalance sensed by a control (controlling the motor, which determines "an amount of energy" such as motor current), with the disclosed method of determining energy which exceeds a predetermined value and signals an unbalanced condition, in order to provide improved load unbalance control in an appliance with mechanical load unbalance detection.

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Conclusion

- 6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph L. Perrin, Ph.D. whose telephone number is (703)305-0626. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30-5:00, except alternate Fridays.
- 9. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy P. Gulakowski can be reached on (703)308-4333. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)872-9310 for regular communications and (703)872-9311 for After Final communications.

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10. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0661.

Joseph L. Perrin, Ph.D. Examiner Art Unit 1746

jlp July 25, 2003

> FRANKIE L. STINSON PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP-3460 1700